



BOSTON, MASS., DECEMBER 16, 1870.

of all the states, the great Senator himself had no voice in point of time. It was a question to turn the supreme court into a political machine, to resign the hearing board so to speak, by refusing the canvassing of the electoral votes with discretionary power to the states. The proposed amendment would give the court to disregard errors and to be governed by what it sees fit in its treatment of the vote, the will power. To decide that vote is absurd and what is that? It is useless unnecessary to state that this measure has voted down even the measure. There were only thirteen votes in its favor. The majority who voted for it was Mr. Kuyer of Chautauque, who seems to consider it safe to trust a court that is easily composed of men prior to the bench to uphold administration measures.

The Johnson amendment being dead, it is given out that Senator Morton's bill to regulate the canvassing of the electoral vote is to be pressed to a final vote. This bill passed the senate at the last session, and was then reconsidered on motion of Judge Thurman, who was one of the few democrats that voted for it. The bill, in brief, provides that the two houses shall follow the usual custom and assemble in the hall of the house, that tellers shall be appointed except by the affirmative vote of both houses. It also provides that in case of two sets of electoral votes that were shall be counted which the two houses, acting separately, shall determine to be the true and valid return. The effect of this last provision would be that there would be no vote counted from Louisiana or Florida, and possibly South Carolina. The house would not have to count the Tilden vote. The result of this would be to throw the election into the house. Mr. Morton recently advocated this measure last session, but he has been very quiet since this winter. It is thought that he will feel compelled to support his pet measure of the previous winter.

Several other propositions are before the people. Mr. Morton has an amendment pending in the senate to elect the president and vice-president by a direct vote of the people. It provides that each congressional district shall have one vote and each state two votes. The majority of popular votes in a district would determine how the one vote of the district should be cast, and the majority of popular votes in the state would determine how its two votes should be cast. According to this arrangement the votes a state is entitled to would not need to be cast for the one candidate; one district might vote for the democratic candidate and the joining one for the republican candidate.

Senator Frelinghuysen proposes to count the vote without unnecessary delay. He believes that the granting of power to count the vote invests congress with a right to do so when it pleases.

Besides these propositions, we have:

1. The direct popular vote plan.

2. The direct vote by states appointed (by state officers) upon the ratio of senators and congressmen.

3. The proportional vote scheme of Buckley (upon the principle of the cumulative vote.)

4. The responsible-cabinet system, to appoint the president (by the chief justices of the supreme court) from the house of representatives for an indefinite time. Whenever a majority of the house shall vote that they have no longer confidence in his administration, give him the alternative of stepping down and out, or of dissolving the house and sending its members (including himself) back to their constituents. If the people return him, he may continue to be president. But if the people return him, he may immediately give place to a new executive appointed in the same simple and easy way.

Other plans have doubtless been suggested, for the constitution thinkers have been remarkably busy since the election. We have however given enough scheme to satisfy any reasonable person. It is very plain that no constitutional amendment can be adopted to cure the ills that afflict the body politic. If the two branches of congress can not agree upon some plan for securing the present electoral vote, we must fight it out as best we can on the basis of the constitutional provision that the fathers gave us in the twelfth amendment.

## PEACE IN THE MANT.

Our political troubles engross public attention to such an extent that the outgoings of the diplomats at Constantinople are scarcely noticed. And yet these men have before them a question that involves a war of races and religions—a war, backed on the one side by kinship and faith, and on the other by fanatics of the most desperate character—a war that threatens the Turk with banishment from Europe and that arouses the keenest sympathies of Christians all over the world. If it comes on it will be no common affair, even if it should be confined to the two nations most deeply interested.

The Christian subjects of the ports can be otherwise protected. It would be a very unnecessary war. The indications now are that a pacific solution will be reached. The preliminary negotiations of the conference have been satisfactory. The expediency of a recognition of the frontier in favor of Montenegro and Serbia has been agreed upon, and it has been further agreed that principalities shall be exchanged and the armistice prolonged until the conclusion of peace. The creation of Bulgaria by a neutral power, such as Belgium and Switzerland, was discussed.

Perhaps the fact that Russia is ready for war, that her armies are at the frontier ready to move at the click of the telegraph, that her people are eager for the war, creates some peace. But Russia, with all the advantages of available strength in her favor. She is negotiating, however, by the sympathies of the christian world. We do not even except commercial England. The barbarities and corruptions of the Turk, and especially the savagery of the slave campaign, have deprived him of that sympathy which is generally accorded to the one.

The English, English indifference may have driven them from immediate disengagement, but it cannot stay the determination of the east to relieve the Christians of Serbia and Montenegro of the pressure of Ossianic power.

It is a fact that the English and French have not affected the movements of the eastern powers. The treasury of the east is about two million dollars.

## IMMIGRATION.

The south has never paid proper regard to the strong tide of emigration from Europe to America, since the formation of the government of the United States. America has been the principal point of destination for European emigrants. The west has been populated with an industrious, hardy people, and western cities have a large number of ingenious and enterprising citizens from every country in Europe. It is not necessary to discuss the many reasons why this tide has never turned to Georgia, when we possess so many natural advantages to induce emigrants to come among us. At last our people have commenced to wake up to the advantages to be gained in that way. Gov. Smith, so we are informed, has been giving the subject considerable attention. He will submit to the legislature in his annual message a proposition from responsible men suggesting a speedy plan to land at the seaport of the state immigrants and to transport the products of our soil directly to eastern ports.

This is of the greatest importance to our state, if it is adopted by the legislature. Gov. Smith will have the honor of inaugurating a scheme that will be of more practical benefit to his state than any law we have adopted. The bill, in brief, provides that the two houses shall follow the usual custom and assemble in the hall of the house, that tellers shall be appointed except by the affirmative vote of the majority of the members of the house, and to depend upon northern ports and foreign vessels to carry them to Europe. When our people learn to be independent and to rely on themselves, many advantages we are now denied will be gained.

The company proposes to make at least twelve trips from Liverpool to Georgia, carrying emigrants at about one-half the price now charged to New York and other northern ports, and to increase the price if necessary to once a week or twice a week if the business will justify it. They only ask an appropriation of five thousand dollars a month. This is a small sum when the immense amount spent by states of the west for such purposes is considered; and it can be shown that a single county in Ohio has spent more than this sum on a similar enterprise. During recent years the Argentine republic has received considerable immigration by offering \$50 to each of the first 100,000 immigrants between the ages of 12 and 45, to be paid at the expiration of eighteen months. If a man can be induced to settle in that country for \$50, that is needed here is to provide a way for them to come. Georgia is an artistic, well designed, and graceful enough to betray the scholarly and enterprising methods of the nation. It is well calculated to attract the popular, and to be the south, or ought to be, that after producing five eighths of the exported products of the country, we have as much to sell as the world has.

The haters propose to call a national convention to protest against Morrissey's decision declaring states not to be revolutionaries.

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## ROUNDABOUT IN GEORGIA.

A petition is in circulation in Cartersville to the grand jury to have the death of John McOrourke.

The meteor that astonished Marietta also sailed over Drake Town in Haralson county, exploding with a noise like that of a cannon.

Dr. William D. Jones, of Floyd county, an old and respected citizen is dead.

Mrs. Fischer, of Haralson county, was recently found dead in a creek. It is supposed that mental aberration caused her to wander off.

Jeff Anderson, who some time ago murdered Capt. Craven, of White county, has been arrested.

A colored company fired a salute over a couple of married negroes in Columbus the other night. This is a new idea.

The barn of Mr. J. J. Wood, on St. Clair street, in Columbus, was burned recently by an incendiary.

Mr. E. V. Johnson, of Kingston, is a candidate for clerk of the house of representatives. He is six feet two inches high, and weighs 228 pounds.

The West Point Press is informed that a freedman and his wife living on the place of Mr. R. W. Hudson, near Long Cane, on returning from their work the other day, found two of their children, aged nine and three years, respectively, dead—one with a threat cut on the head. A negro boy about 14 years of age, was seen to issue from the woods about the time the parents came home, and was arrested on suspicion. If guilty, he deserves the severest penalty of the law. Only a freedman can shed the blood of such helpless innocents. Charles Miller is the name of the father.

The recent meteor seems to have created a considerable mias in north Georgia.

The gin-house of Mr. Arthur Prichard, of Houston county, was burned by an incendiary last Tuesday night.

A wild rabbit made its appearance in Griffin the other day.

The gin-house of Mr. Dobbins, of Spalding county, together with his fine mill, was burned on Tuesday.

The gin-house of Park W. Arnold, of Coweta county, together with six bales of cotton, was burned the other day. The stable and crib of Mr. Eberhart, of the same county, was burned about the same time.

Bill Moore, of the Augusta Constitutional, has had constructed a swallow-tailed coat by Lynch. The garment has an air of stateliness about it.

The gin-house of Mr. W. R. Thaxton, of Butcher county, was burned recently.

The Madison Home Journal remarks: Master Lewis Andrews, a young gentleman of perhaps eight or nine summers, son of Judge C. H. Andrews, is doing quite a snug little business selling the Atlanta Constitution in this city. He is the boy agent for that paper here, and we wish him success. The price of the paper is only a nickel, and it always brims full of the latest news. Give Lewis your patronage.

AT I AM Remedy for a Painful Disease

The pangs endured by the rheumatic are relieved by applying the liniment to the neck of a common bird, and rubbing the blood with the sensitive covering of the muscles and joints. Doctor's Stomach Bitters, being a superb blood purifier, is admirably calculated to expel the rheumatic excretions, and to expel the pain and feverous symptoms which it produces. That is a most successful remedy for rheumatism, neuralgia and gout, as well as a reliable remedy for the various diseases emanating from those whom it has cured, and attested by medical practitioners of high repute. It is likewise a sovereign cure of dyspepsia, constipation, liver complaint, urinary trouble and rheumatism, as well as the most popular and successful antidote to malaria extract.

dec-12-1876

## Special Notices.

THOMAS'S CONSUMPTION CURE.  
Mrs. J. T. Thrash and Company, Griffis, Ga.—My Sister, Mrs. Delta Williams, has been confined to her bed from Lung disease for more than a year. After taking one bottle of your medicine she and her family have been able to ride horses ten miles to Kildare and take care to Newman, Ga., and now consider herself entirely cured after using the second bottle. Yours truly,

A. J. WILLIAMS.  
Sold by all druggists and at wholesale by Hunt Rankin & Lamar.

## Announcements.

FOR ORDINARY OF DeKalb County, L. A. Sirms, Esq., the present able and efficient Clerk, who has served the people faithfully for the last four years, and who has had ten years experience in said office, at the ensuing January election, now offered—dealt-11.

## Ordinary.

We are authorized to announce the name of D. F. Hammon as a candidate for election to the office of Ordinary of Fulton county, at the approach election in January next. dec-12-1876

## For Tax Receiver.

I am a candidate for Tax Receiver of Fulton county, at the election to be held in January next. Wm. McMillian  
dec-12-1876

Central & Southwestern RAILROADS

RAILROADS

Western & Atlantic Railroad Co.

In effect December 17, 1876.

No. 1—GOING NORTH AND WEST.

Leaves Atlanta 12 p.m.

Arrives at Macon 2 p.m.

Arrives at Atlanta 5 p.m.

Leaves Atlanta 7 p.m.

Arrives at Macon 9 p.m.

Arrives at Atlanta 11 p.m.

Leaves Atlanta 12 p.m.

Arrives at Macon 2 p.m.

Arrives at Atlanta 4 p.m.

Leaves Atlanta 6 p.m.

Arrives at Macon 8 p.m.

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Arrives at Atlanta 4 p.m.

Leaves Atlanta 6 p.m.

Arrives at Macon 8 p.m.

Arrives at Atlanta 10 p.m.

Leaves Atlanta 12 p.m.

Arrives at Macon 2 p.m.

Arrives at Atlanta 4 p.m.

Leaves Atlanta 6 p.m.

Arrives at Macon 8 p.m.

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